

There are three environments for constructing lists. In each one each new item is begun with an `\item` command. In the `itemize` environment the start of each item is given a marker, in the `enumerate` environment each item is marked by a number. These environments can be nested within each other in which case the amount of indentation used is adjusted accordingly:

```

\begin{itemize}
\item Itemized lists are handy.
\item However, don't forget
  \begin{enumerate}
  \item The 'item' command.
  \item The 'end' command.
  \end{enumerate}
\end{itemize}

```

- Itemized lists are handy.
- However, don't forget
  1. The 'item' command.
  2. The 'end' command.

The third list making environment is `description`. In a description you specify the item labels inside square brackets after the `\item` command. For example:

<pre> Three animals that you should know about are: \begin{description}   \item[gnat] A small animal...   \item[gnu] A large animal...   \item[armadillo] A ... \end{description} </pre>	<pre> Three animals that you should know about are: <b>gnat</b> A small animal that causes no end of trouble. <b>gnu</b> A large animal that causes no end of trouble. <b>armadillo</b> A medium-sized animal. </pre>
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